Figure 6

Chugach Electric Association Preliminary Benchmarking Study Assessment Summary

	Distribution			Gener			
	CEA	Average Distribution	Percent Difference	CEA	Average G&T	Percent Difference	Total
Payroll / Cost of Living Assessment:							
Pay per Hour COLA Pay per Hour	\$27.37 \$26.32	\$14.64 \$15.64	87% 68%	\$36.50 35.09	\$19.65 \$20.70	86% 70%	
Straight Time Hours / employee Overtime Hours / employee Overtime Percent	1986 140 7.1%	2116 105 5.0%	34%	1986 140 7.1%	1931 97 5.0%	45%	
Productivity Assessment:							
Total Hours / employee	2126	2221	-4%	2126	2028	5%	
Number of employees Total Hours worked Predicted number of hours	273 579,830 501,056			134 285,588 285,588			
Deviation from norm in hours Deviation from norm in FTE employee Deviation percent	78,774 35 13.6%			0 0 0.0%			
Net Inefficiency Cost:							
Productivity Loss (1) Excess Pay Rate (2) Total Operating Inefficiency	\$2,160,000 \$5,350,000 \$7,510,000			\$0 \$4,110,000 \$4,110,000			\$2,160,000 \$9,460,000 \$11,620,000
Estimated impact of inefficiencies on	Depreciation, a	and interest or	Long Term D	Pebt:			
Dept & Int Inefficiency	\$1,590,000			\$5,300,000	-		\$6,890,000
Total Impact	\$9,100,000			\$9,410,000	=		<u>\$18,510,000</u>
Inefficiency per Retail KWH Inefficiency per Wholesale KWH	\$0.00976			\$0.00466 \$0.00466			\$0.01442 \$0.00466
Inefficiency as a percent of the Retail rate per KWH of \$0.08114 17.8% Inefficiency as a percent of the Whotesale rate per KWH of \$0.03714 12.5%							

^{(1) -} Deviation from predicted norm x average hours/employee x pay per hour

^{(2) -} Predicted number of employees x average hours/employee x (CEA-average COLA rate per hour)

ANNUAL EXCESS CHARGES TO RATE PAYERS AS A RESULT OF APPARENT LABOR OVERPAYMENT AND OVERSTAFFING

[Excess Costs Resulting from Labor Overpayments & Overstaffin		verstaffing	Retail Excess per KWH				Wholesale Excess per KWH					
	Correc	table	Non-Cor	rectable	Total								
	Excess Distribution Payroll	Excess G&T Payroll	Estimated Distribution Excess Depreciation, Amort, Interest	Estimated G&T Excess Depreciation, Amort, Interest	Total Excess	Total Excess in ¢ per Retail KWH	Total Annual Cost of Excess Labor Costs to Retail Customers	Retail Rate in ¢ per KWH	Retail Excess as a Percent of Total Cost		Total Annual Cost of Excess Labor Costs to Wholesale Customers		Wholesale Excess as a Percent of Total Cost
CEA	\$7,510,000	\$4,110,000	\$5,300,000	\$1,590,000	\$18,510,000	1.442	\$13,450,000	8.114	17.8%	0.466	\$5,060,000	3.715	12.5%
MEA	\$4,180,000	\$0	\$1,470,000		\$5,650,000	1.361	\$5,650,000	9.689	14.1%				
Kodiak	\$1,630,000	\$690,000	\$770,000		\$3,090,000	2.716	\$3,090,000	14.214	19.1%				
HEA	\$4,150,000	\$0	\$2,000,000		\$6,150,000	1.563	\$6,150,000	8.951	17.5%				
GVEA	\$3,790,000	\$1,040,000	\$700,000	\$1,320,000	\$6,850,000	1.362	\$6,810,000	9.005	15.1%	0.340	\$40,000	6.337	5.4%
Naknek .	\$240,000	(\$40,000)	\$40,000		\$240,000	1.293	\$240,000	19.393	6.7%				
Metlakatla	\$120,000	(\$70,000)	(\$10,000)		\$40,000	0.191	\$40,000	10.649	1.8%				
Kotzebue	\$160,000	\$10,000	\$50,000		\$220,000	1.270	\$220,000	18.623	6.8%				
CVEA	\$1,230,000	\$200,000	\$290,000		\$1,720,000	3.150	\$1,720,000	15.985	19.7%				į
Nushagak	\$510,000	\$280,000	\$90,000		\$880,000	5.950	\$880,000	17.628	33.8%				
AVEC	\$660,000	\$0	\$270,000		\$930,000	2.333	\$930,000	38.734	6.0%				
Tlingit-Haid	\$480,000	\$30,000	\$100,000		\$610,000	5.395	\$610,000	28.094	19.2%				
Cordova	\$180,000	\$50,000	\$70,000		\$300,000	1.495	\$300,000	20.089	7.4%				
	\$24,840,000	\$6,300,000	\$11,140,000	\$2,910,000	\$45,190,000		\$40,090,000				\$5,100,000		

Excess labor costs on depreciation, amortization and interest is based on the assumption that overstaffing and overpayments of labor are the same, on a percentage basis, on capital projects as in baseline distribution operations and maintenance labor. Based on 1995 CEA Capital Projects, project labor is estimated to be about 40% of total project costs, assuming 60% of contractor support is labor. The same assumption was used for G&T labor effects on capital projects and resulting effects on depreciation and interest expense.

CEA retail and wholesale cost per KWH, and distribution vs. generation depreciation and interest were derived from the 1992 data used in the March 1993 Simplified Rate Filing.

For other co-ops, depreciation, amortization, and interest assumed to be proportionate to distribution plant and production plant as reported on their 1992 Form 7.

Assumes that distribution is for retail customers only for GVEA.

Figure 8

Matanuska Electric Association & Homer Electric Association Preliminary Benchmarking Study Assessment Summary

	Matanus	ka Electric Ass	sociation	Homer Electric Association				
	MEA	Average Distribution	Percent Difference	HEA	Average Distribution	Percent Difference		
Payroll / Cost of Living Assessment:								
Pay per Hour COLA Pay per Hour	\$23.59 \$22.54	\$14.64 \$15.64	61% 44%	\$27.26 \$26.04	\$14.64 \$15.64	86% 66%		
Straight Time Hours / employee Overtime Hours / employee Overtime Percent	2304 140 6.1%	2116 105 5.0%	33%	2220 33 1.5%	2116 105 5.0%	-69%		
Productivity Assessment:								
Total Hours / employee	2444	2221	10%	2253	2221	1%		
Number of employees Total Hours worked Predicted number of hours	144 351,920 246853			110 247,810 154737				
Deviation from norm in hours Deviation from norm in FTE employe Deviation percent	105,067 47 29.9%			93,073 42 37.6%				
Net Inefficiency Cost:								
Productivity Loss (1) Overtime / Payroll (2) Total Operating Inefficiency	\$2,480,000 \$1,700,000 \$4,180,000			\$2,540,000 \$1,610,000 \$4,150,000				
Estimated impact of inefficiencies on	Depreciation,	and Interest o	n Long Term D	ebt:				
Dept & Int Inefficiency	\$1,470,000			\$2,000,000				
Total Impact	\$5,650,000			\$6,150,000				
Inefficiency per Retail KWH	\$0.01361			\$0.01563				
Retail Rate per KWH Inefficiency percent	\$0.09689 14.1%			\$0.08951 17.5%				

^{(1) -} Deviation from predicted norm x average hours/employee x pay per hour

^{(2) -} Predicted number of employees x average hours/employee x (CEA-average COLA rate per hour)